



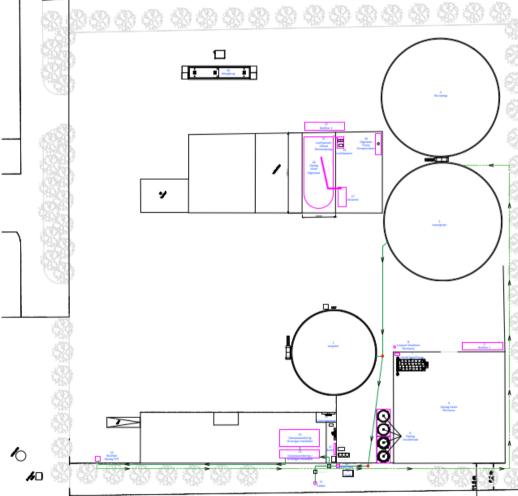
OPERATIONAL MANUAL

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Site Layout



GREEN CREATE

Notes

- 1. Vergister
- 2. Navergister
- 3. Na-opslag
- 4. Opslag Vaste Biomassa
- 5. Biofilter 1
- 6. Opslag Cosubstraat
- 7. Liquid Feed Pump
- 8. Lospunt vloeibare biomassa
- 9. Trafo
- 10. Kool Filter
- 11. Fakkel
- 12. Boiler
- 13. Gasopwaardering/Groengas Installatie
- 14. Controlekamer
- 15. Bio2Net Opslag THT
- 16. Weegbrug
- 17. Decanter
- 18. Opslag Vaste Digestaat
- 19. Luchtwasser
- 20. Digestate Pump Pompverdeler
- 21. Luchtwasser uitlaat binnenopslag
- 22. Biofilter 2

Biogas Leiding

Hoofdleiding _____

Retour Leiding -----

Plant - Initial Start-up/Restart

- 1. All equipment must be checked and signed off prior to the commencement of the starting procedure.
- 2. During the initial start-up, a hazardous, potentially explosive atmosphere can occur in the gas space of the digester container. Ignition sources must be avoided (e.g. operate the agitator submerged).
- 2. The empty digesters are initially blocked from the gas upgrading system.
- 3. The digesters are connected to the atmosphere via the operationally ready overpressure protector and the exhaust lines.
- 4. The digesters are filled within a short time period with substrate that is as active as possible, until all inlets and outlets (liquid valve closure disks) are sealed with substrate. The process is strictly co-ordinated internally by specialists taking into account the available material and biology requirements.
- 5. The fermentation substrate is heated.
- 6. During the start-up/heating of the system, the system must not be fed further.
- 7. The gas generated during the starting of the digestion process discharges via the exhaust line(gas overpressure protection) into the open air, and displaces the air that is present in the digester. As soon as it is possible the gas is reverted to the flare for combustion.
- 8. After testing the gas quality, fills into the gas system and the gas storage. The gas quality is sufficient and there is no explosion hazard if the methane content of the gas is greater than 30% and the oxygen content is < 3%.
- 9. The gas upgrading system is turned on when the digesters has a sufficient gas buffer as per set parameters. Sufficient quality can be determined by gas measurement.



Plant - Normal Conditions

The installation is automated and integrated into our SCADA system.
This ensures 24/7 monitoring and recording of all process related parts of the installation
The system is a live visual representation of the installation.

Daily operations can be split in five categories:

- 1. Checks and operating tasks Recorded on list by operator, electronically)
- 2. Data recording
- 3. Feeding
- 4. Deliveries and offtakes
- 5. Administrative tasks

Check intervals can be split in four categories:

- 1. Daily
- 2. Weekly
- 3. Monthly
- 4.Exceeding 6 months: Bi-annually, annually, Two years, Five years, Ten years.

All safety equipment should be worn before daily duties commence this includes: Appropriate clothing and safety shoes together with a portable gas meter and any other equipment specified when accessing different parts of the installation.

Refer to the ATEX report for detailed zone identification and restrictions. The has fully implemented recommendations and requirements as mentioned in the report.



	Daily Checklist and Task	Daily Checklist and Tasks		
<u>ltem</u>	Specific Action	<u>Comments</u>		
✓ Live Scada interface	 ✓ Feeding system (Hunning,T110-T140) - Feedstock levels(silos) and weights(feedbox) - Feeding quantities as per menu - screw conveyors - Pump 	See Figure 1 System can be accessed/reset remotely and all data is stored for 5 years.		
	 ✓ Main digester (R210) -Mixers -Membrane pressure and buffer percentage -Temperature and heating pipe pressures -Foam present -Tank level -Blower 			
	 ✓ After digester (R220) -Mixers -Membrane pressure -Tank level -Blower 			
	 ✓ Thin fraction Storage (R300). -Mixers -Tank level 			
	 ✓ Gas upgrader -PENTAIR Unit (G610) (Detailed sub checks) Status: Production, Standby, Stop, Alarm, Production SL 			
	 ✓ Bio2Net (Detailed sub checks) Status: Grid Valve, Faults, Stop Supply or Warnings, THT dosing, gas composition. H2S level, wobbe index ,flow, flow count 			



Daily Checklist and Tasks				
✓ Pent Air Unit – Gas upgrader -Detailed checks	✓ Alarms	System can be accessed/reset remotely and all data is stored for 5 years. 24/7 engineering support is available for any malfunctions		
✓ Bio2Net – Detailed checks	 ✓ Gas composition ✓ Grid connection parameters ✓ Bio2net equipment status 	See Figures 2-6 System can be accessed/reset remotely and all data is stored for 5 years. 24/7 engineering support is available for any malfunctions		
✓ Physical Inspections -Site walkabout Noise, odour leaks, heat, vibration, spillages and corrosion.	 ✓ Condensation pits Condensate drainage ✓ External Carbon Filter Drain condensate in filter Boiler Operational requirements Tanks on site visual condition of membranes and fixings Ground water Pressure valves on Main and after digester Water locks/overpressure valves Water level sufficient 	Operators are on site every day for inspections If a blowoff or any event out of the ordinary occurred it is registered on the Fumo website. https://www.fumo.nl/zelf-regelen/melding-ongewone-voorvallen#meldingongewonevoorvallen-314		



	- Check if blow offs occured	
	Daily Checklist and Tasks	
✓ Flare – G620	 ✓ liquid delivery point and Silos -visual inspection ✓ Bio-beds, fans and blowers -Running and air is flowing ✓ Decanter and solid fraction storage -Processing quantity -Storage capacity ✓ Acid washer -Ph level -Water level ✓ general site for any leakages ✓ Manure pump and valves when being used ✓ Bio2Net dosing of THT ✓ Visual inspection of unit and joining pipes 	
✓ Feedstock Deliveries	 ✓ To be inspected visually before unloading and noted, captured and filed ✓ Deliveries slips to be stored electronically, filed and stored on site. 	Hardcopies of delivery notes filed and stored on site. System can be accessed/reset remotely and all data is stored for 5 years.



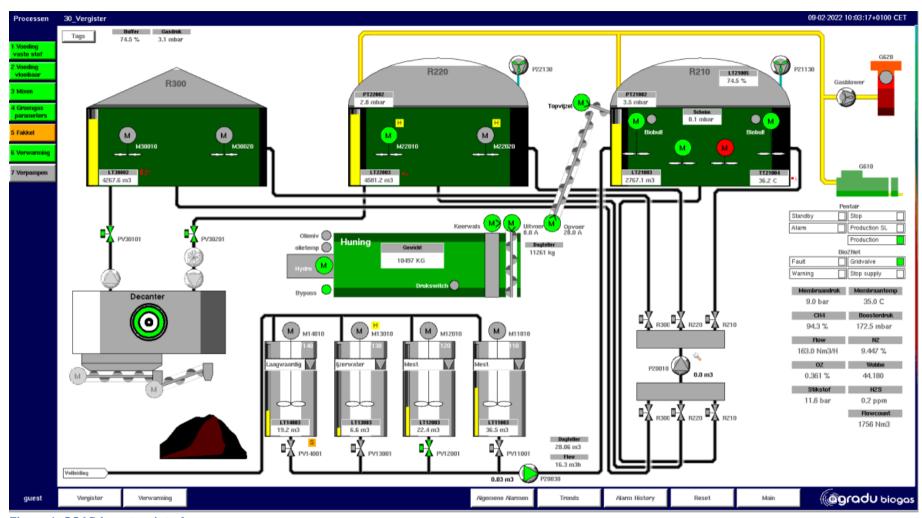


Figure 1: SCADA system interface



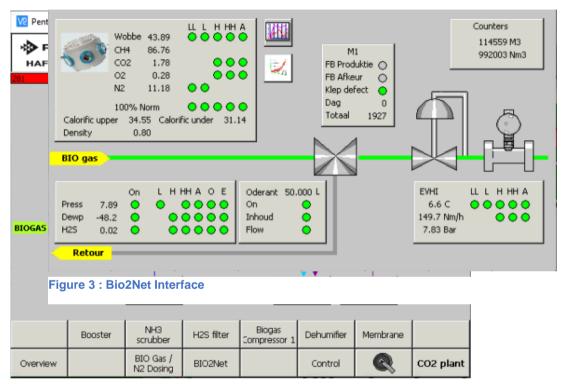


Figure 2: Gas upgrader interface



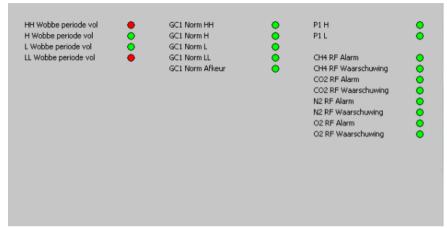


Figure 4 : Bio2Net Parameters

lourly Wobbe proces	44.04	MJ/Nm3	GC1 CH4	86.99	vol%
Hourly CO2 proces	1.77	vol%	GC1 CO2	1.76	vol%
Hourly O2 proces	0.28	vol%	GC1 O2	0.28	vol%
Hourly N2 proces	10.96	vol%	GC1 N2	10.97	vol%
Hourly Wobbe gasnet	44.04	MJ/Nm3	GC1 Wobbe	44.04	MJ/Nm3
Hourly CO2 gasnet	1.77	vol%	GC1 CVs	34.64	MJ/Nm3
Hourly O2 gasnet	0.28	vol%	GC1 CVi	31.22	MJ/Nm3
Hourly N2 gasnet	10.96	vol%	GC1 Density	0.80	MJ/Nm3
			GC1 100%Norm	99.99	
Aantal minuten in periode wobbe HH Dag	0	min			
Aantal minuten in periode wobbe H Dag	0	min			
Aantal minuten in periode wobbe L Dag	0	min			
Aantal minuten in periode wobbe LL Dag	0	min			
			Gem Wobbe HHH Grens	44.71	MJ/Nm3
Hourly Wobbe HH totaal	600	min	Gem Wobbe HH Grens	44.61	MJ/Nm3
Hourly Wobbe H totaal	2458	min	Gem Wobbe H Grens	44.41	MJ/Nm3
Hourly Wobbe L totaal	558	min	Gem Wobbe L Grens	43.46	MJ/Nm3
Hourly Wobbe LL totaal	600	min	Gem Wobbe LL Grens	43.26	MJ/Nm3
			Gem Wobbe LLL Grens	43.16	MJ/Nm3

Figure 6 : Bio2Net Parameters

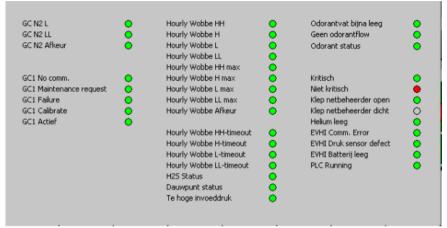


Figure 5 : Bio2Net Paramaters



Weekly Checklist				
<u>ltem</u>	Specific Action	Comments		
Leak Detection	 ✓ Mixers ✓ Carbon Filters and Bottoms ✓ Feeding Screws ✓ Gas upgrader ✓ Gas piping 	Done with gas meter and applicable safety equipment.		
Flare	✓ Sparking correctly	Start on manual mode.		
Feedstock	✓ Availability and storage space	Co-ordinate with suppliers and storage space		
H2S control	✓ Raw gas, Gas after filter 1,2 and 3 tested with Drager sticks	Results are recorded and actions taken accordingly		
Bio2net external web interface	 Checking status of external interface to ensure it correlates to live system. 	External provider		
Loader	✓ Visual inspection of all joints and fixings✓ Grease all manufacturers points	Record working hours		
Reporting	✓ Feeding, gas produced	As per company policies		
equipment itinerary check	✓ All tools on site stored safely	Checked with tool list		
Weather conditions	✓ Plan for adhoc weather.	Prepare site if storms, snow or icing is predicted.		

Monthly Checklist			
<u>Item</u>	Specific Action	<u>Comments</u>	
All Fire and Equipment	✓ As per layout and accessible.	Visual inspection	
Pest control	✓ Monthly inspection and evaluation	External party	
Maintenance Sheets	✓ Check machinery or compliance items scheduled for the month	Recorded on company network	
Feedstock Analysis	✓ Feedstock are analysed monthly if required	Recorded on company network	
Stock take	✓ All raw materials stocks are noted and stored	Recorded on company network	
Reporting	 Monthly report of feedstocks used and transported away. 	Recorded on company network	
Biology testing	✓ Composition of biology tested	Applicable action taken if required	
ISCC audit	✓ Monthly audit of gas produced.	External audit	



Bi-annually, Annually, Two years, Five years, Ten years Checklist				
<u>Item</u>	Specific Action	Comments		
All Fire Equipment	✓ Serviced yearly, full refurbisl years, Replace every ten ye			
Electronic machinery and equipment	✓ Checked every two years or	as stipulated. As per company and regulation policies		
Bio2Net equipment	✓ Bi-annual service by provide			
Gas analysis for net beheer	✓ Bi-annual analysis.	External party		
Stedin yearly audit	✓ In accordance to Stedin star	ndards Arranged with representative		
BHV and Safety staff training	✓ Annual refresher course	Assess staff accordingly		
Service level agreements	 ✓ All external service providers Bio2Net Gas analysis Gas upgrader service Pest Control Safety equipment all product suppliers 	External parties		
Stock take	 ✓ Annual raw materials stocks the last calendar day of the 			
Reporting	✓ Annual report of feedstocks transported material away.	used and Internal company policy		
ISCC audit	✓ annually audit of gas produce	ed. External audit required for sale of HBE certificates		
Portable gas detectors	✓ Replaced every 2 years	External party		
Digester roofs	✓ Every two years inspection r	required External party		
Flare	✓ Annual inspection and service			
Atex inspection	✓ As required by external audi	t party External party		
Loader	✓ Annual service and inspection	on External party		
Site electrical inspection	 ✓ Advised to do every two year new machinery has been instruction 			
Weighbridge	✓ If calibration shows issues o years			
Digester structure	✓ Inspection every Ten years	External party		



Plant - Malfunction occurs

Malfunction classification				
<u>Type</u>	<u>Description</u>	Example	Time to action repairs	
General	Malfunctions that influences gas production but do not pose any safety risks and mostly doesn't result in gas leaks.	Pumps blockages. Feeding system delays. Loader breakdown.	Within 8 hours	
Medium	Malfunction that influences gas production and can lead to safety risks.	Blockages in feeding lines. Physical breakdowns of equipment. Sensor failures.	Within 4 hours	
drgen.	Malfunctions that result in safety risks and gas leaks.	Gas Upgrader shutdown. Electronic malfunction. Gas leaks. Power outage	Immediately or maximum of 30 minutes later than malfunction occurs.	

General And Medium malfunctions should be assessed by the operator on site within specified time.

If the malfunctions falls within the expertise and training of the operator, the malfunction can be repaired or alarm reset immediately.

Typical procedure:

- 1. Receive alarm from system
- 2. Log into system to effected machinery and specific alarm description for example(Motor starter error or thermal warning)
- 3. Risk assessment of area and part malfunctioned, if external specialist assistance required contact relevant suppliers.
- 4. Visual inspection of malfunctioned part with relevant safety equipment.
- 5. Repair or reset machinery/system.

All events that are not considered to be within normal operation must be reported to the FUMO: https://www.fumo.nl/zelf-regelen/melding-ongewone-voorvallen



rgent malfunctions should be assessed by the operator on site within specified time.

If the malfunctions falls within the expertise and training of the operator, the malfunction can be repaired or alarm reset immediately.

Typical procedure:

- 1. Receive alarm from system
- 2. Log into system to effected machinery and specific alarm description for example (power outage)
- 3. Risk assessment of area and part malfunctioned, if external specialist assistance required contact relevant suppliers.
- 4. Visual inspection of malfunctioned part with relevant safety equipment if safe for the operator.
- 5. Repair or reset machinery/system.

All events that are not considered to be within normal operation must be reported to the FUMO: https://www.fumo.nl/zelf-regelen/melding-ongewone-voorvallen

Possible urgent malfunctions

Power outages

- Outages with a time of 15 minutes or lower can be accommodated by the system re-starting normally, the digester container has sufficient storage to accommodate the amount of gas not injected into the grid during this time.
- Outages between 15 minutes and 45 minutes should be addressed by the manual startup of the flare as it is fitted with a 12v battery supply to ignite the gas in case of an emergency.
- Outages with a time 45minutes and more to initiate the rental procedure of the backup generator by a local nearby supplier. While the generator is on its way the manual operation of the flare remains the responsibility of the site operator.

Heating, hot running machines and parts, substrate or oil becoming hot

- Avoid contact with hot surfaces, fluids, gases, ...
- Caution with hot water discharge.

Gas upgrading unit

- Shut off gas supply outside
- Activate the emergency off switch outside of the unit, if the automatic immediate shutdown did not commence.
- If necessary, force ventilation (e.g., in the case of gas odor)



• If there is a gas odour, avoid ignition sources, e.g., non EX-protected sources, open flame, or formation of sparks.

Danger of explosion

• If the gas alarm comes from a gas-warning device, the area should be evacuated until alarm disabled by competent person

Electrical system

• Work on the electrical systems must be performed only by a skilled electrician

Pumps and mixer

Switch off the electrical supply, and secure the switch against unintentional actuation

Pits and shafts

- After malfunctions, all safety equipment must be checked for the proper function.
- Note: Before entry and while in the pits and ducts, it must be guaranteed that there is no hazard of poisoning, as well as that sufficient breathable air is present. Operating equipment must be reliably secured against switching on. Ensure that there is sufficient ventilation. In the case of insufficient ventilation, there is a danger of asphyxiation, fire, and explosion

Foam forming

- If the high foam alarm is triggered, feeding is automatically stopped.
- A plant operator will be notified and will go to the plant if the incident occurs after working hours.
- The situation is assessed on site and acted upon accordingly depending if the foaming is contained within the digester or if an emergency overflow of foam occurred.
- In the event of an emergency overflow the spillage is to be contained and cleaned as quick as possible.



Plant - Shutdown

- 1. Stop the substrate supply into the digester and wait until the fermentation process has reduced significantly or completely stopped; the substrate removal can then from the container continue to occur. The quantity of the substrate removed must not be greater than the quantity of generated gas in the digester in order to prevent a potentially hazardous atmosphere.
- 2. If the quantity of substrate removed can become greater than the quantity of gas generated, the digester container is locked against the gas upgrading system, and the connection to the atmosphere is created, e.g., by emptying the sealing liquid supply. By adding air, a potentially explosive atmosphere can develop in the digester.
- 3. The digester container must be blocked from the gas upgrading system in order to avoid a backflow of gas.
- 4. A potentially explosive and hazardous atmosphere can form around outlet openings. all safety precautions should be taken in these areas.
- 5. Before entry into and while in the digester container, it must be guaranteed that the danger of asphyxiation, fire, and explosion has been safely prevented by sufficient ventilation and that sufficient breathable air is present. Operating equipment (e.g., pumps and agitators) must be secured against being switched on (lockout procedures).



Site Emergency layout and Alarm Card

